# **GREEN AUDIT REPORT** (2018-19)

Sree Dattha Institute of Engineering & Science Sheriguda, Ibrahimpatnam, Ranga Reddy (D), Telangana



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## **Executive Summary**

The rapid urbanization and economic development at local, regional and global level has led to several environmental and ecological crises. On this background it becomes essential to adopt the system of the Green Campus for the institute which will lead for sustainable development.

Sree Dattha Institute of Engineering and Science, Sheriguda, Ibrahimpatnam, Rangareddy, is deeply concerned and unconditionally believes that there is an urgent need to address these fundamental problems and reverse the trends. Being a premier institution of higher learning, the college has initiated 'The Green Campus' program two years back that actively promote the various projects for the environment protection and sustainability.

The purpose of the audit was to ensure that the practices followed in the campus are in accordance with the Green Policy adopted by the institution. The methodology include: preparation and filling up of of questionnaire, physical inspection of the campus, observation and review of the documentation, interviewing key persons and data analysis, measurements and recommendations. It works on the several facets of 'Green Campus' including Water Conservation, Tree Plantation, Waste Management, Paperless Work, Alternative Energy and Mapping of Biodiversity. With this in mind, the specific objectives of the audit are to evaluate the adequacy of the management control framework of environment sustainability as well as the degree to which the Departments are in compliance with the applicable regulations, policies and standards. It can make a tremendous impact on student health and learning college operational costs and the environment. The criteria, methods and recommendations used in the audit were based on the identified risks.

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## **1.** Introduction

Green Audit can be defined as systematic identification, quantification, recording, reporting and analysis of components of environmental diversity. The 'Green Audit' aims to analyze environmental practices within and outside the college campus, which will have an impact on the eco-friendly ambience. It was initiated with the motive of inspecting the work conducted within the organizations whose exercises can cause risk to the health of inhabitants and the environment. Through Green Audit, one gets a direction as how to improve the condition of environment and there are various factors that have determined the growth of carrying out Green Audit.

#### 1.1 About the College

Sree Dattha Institude of Engineering and Science, Sheriguda, Ibrahimpatnam, Rangareddy is a 18 years young college having three programs - Diploma, Under graduate, post graduate. The college is located on a beautiful campus of 30 acres.

The college has also adopted the 'Green Campus' system for environmental conservation and sustainability. There are main three pillars i.e. zero environmental foot print, positive impact on occupant health and performance and 100% graduates demonstrating environmental literacy. The goal is to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emission, energy and water use, while creating an atmosphere where students can learn and be healthy. The 'Green Campus' has been active since last 2 years both as an assembly group of sub committees that actively promote the various projects. The college administration works on the several facets of 'Green Campus' including Water Conservation, Tree Plantation, Waste Management, Paperless Work, Alternative Energy and Mapping of Biodiversity.

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## **2.** Objectives of the Study

The main objective of the green audit is to promote the Environment Management and Conservation in the College Campus. The purpose of the audit is to identify, quantify, describe and prioritize framework of Environment Sustainability in compliance with the applicable regulations, policies and standards. The main objectives of carrying out Green Audit are:

- To introduce and aware students to real concerns of environment and its sustainability
- To secure the environment and cut down the threats posed to human health by analyzing the pattern and extent of resource use on the campus.
- To establish a baseline data to assess future sustainability by avoiding the interruptions in environment that are more difficult to handle and their corrections requires high cost.
- To bring out a status report on environmental compliance

## 3. Methodology

In order to perform green audit, the methodology included different tools such as preparation of questionnaire, physical inspection of the campus, observation and review of the documentation, interviewing key persons and data analysis, measurements and recommendations. The study covered the following areas to summarize the present status of environment management in the campus:

- Water management
- Energy Conservation
- Waste management
- E-waste management
- Green area management

## 4. Observations and Recommendations

## 4.1. Water Use

This indicator addresses water consumption, water sources, irrigation, storm water, appliances and fixtures. A water audit is an on-site survey and assessment to determine the water use and hence improving the efficiency of its use.

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#### a) Observations

The study observed that Well and Ponds are the two major sources of water. Water is used for drinking purpose, canteen, toilets, laboratory and gardening. During the survey, no loss of water is observed, neither by any leakages, nor by over flow of water from overhead tanks. The data collected from all the departments is examined and verified. On an average the total use of water in the college is 20,000 L/day, which include 5,000 L/day for domestic purposes, 10,000 L/day for gardening and 5,000 L/day for different laboratories.

Two rain water harvesting units are also functional for storing and reuse. Gardens are watered by using drip/sprinkler irrigation system to save water. This is one of the unique steps towards greening practices.

#### **b)** Recommendations

- Need of monitoring, controlling overflow is essential and periodically supervision drills should be arranged. In campus small scale/medium scale/ large scale reuse and recycle of water system is necessary.
- Minimize wastage of water and use of electricity during water filtration process, if used, such as RO filtration process and ensure that the equipment's used for such usage are regularly serviced and the wastage of water is not below the industry average for such equipment's used in similar capacity.
- Ensure that all cleaning products used by college staff have a minimal detrimental impact on the environment, i.e. are biodegradable and non-toxic, even where this exceeds the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) regulations

#### 4.2. Energy Use and Conservation

This indicator addresses energy consumption, energy sources, energy monitoring, lighting, appliance, natural gas and vehicles. Energy use is clearly an important aspect of campus sustainability and thus requires no explanation for its inclusion in the assessment.

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#### Photovoltaic Cell

#### a) Observations

Energy source utilized by all the departments and common facility centre is electricity only. Total energy consumption is determined as 23308 KWH/Year by major energy consuming equipments.

All the departments and common facility centers are equipped with CFL lamps. Approximately 90 CFLs (Capacity) are counted during survey. Besides this, photovoltaic cells are also installed in the campus as an alternate renewable source of energy. Equipment like Computers are used with power saving mode. Also, campus administration runs switch –off drill on regular basis.

#### **b)** Recommendations

- Support renewable and carbon-neutral electricity options on any energy- purchasing consortium, with the aim of supplying all college properties with electricity that can be attributed to renewable and carbon-neutral sources.
- Appreciate that it is preferable to purchase electricity from a company that invests in new sources of renewable and carbon-neutral electricity.
- Installation of LED lamps instead of CFL.

#### 4.3. Waste Generation

This indicator addresses waste production and disposal of different wastes like paper, food, plastic, biodegradable, construction, glass, dust etc and recycling. Furthermore, solid waste often includes wasted material resources that could otherwise be channeled into better service through recycling, repair, and reuse. Solid waste generation and management is a burning issue. Unscientific handling of solid waste can create threats to everyone. The survey focused on volume, type and current management practice of solid waste generated in the campus. The different solid wastes collected as mentioned above. Solid waste can be incinerated is used as fuel for the boiler attached to kitchen of college canteen for cooking purpose and that which not be incinerated like glass unusable bricks concrete etc... are used for filling of low laying areas in the college vicinity.

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#### a) Observations

The total solid waste collected in the campus is 21 Kg/day. Waste generation from tree droppings and lawn management is a major solid waste generated in the campus. The waste is segregated at source by providing separate dustbins for Bio-degradable and Plastic waste. Segregation of chemical waste generated in chemistry laboratory is also practiced. Single sided used papers reused for writing and printing in all departments. Important and confidential reports/ papers are sent for pulping and recycling after completion of their preservation period. Very less plastic waste (0.1Kg/day) is generated by some departments, office, garden etc but it is neither categorized at point source nor sent for recycling. Metal waste and wooden waste is stored and given to authorized scrap agents for further processing. Few glass bottles are reused in the laboratories. The food waste from main canteen and mess is used or sent for vermicomposting.



Vermicomposting Project

The institute has adopted vermiculture composting in culture house on 300 sqft. land. The main purpose of this is to reduce disposable waste in the college campus. After complete process of vermicomposting, it is used as manure in the garden and lawns. Awareness program among farmers is also conducted in the village nearby.

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#### **b)** Recommendations

- Reduce the absolute amount of waste that it produces from college staff offices.
- Make full use of all recycling facilities provided by City Municipality and private suppliers, including glass, cans, white, coloured and brown paper, plastic bottles, batteries, print cartridges, cardboard and furniture.
- Provide sufficient, accessible and well-publicized collection points for recyclable waste, with responsibility for recycling clearly allocated.
- Single sided papers to be used for writing and photocopy
- Important and confidential papers after their validity to be sent for pulping.

## 4.4. E-Waste Generation

E-waste can be described as consumer and business electronic equipment that is near or at the end of its useful life. This makes up about 5% of all municipal solid waste worldwide but is much more hazardous than other waste because electronic components contain cadmium, lead, mercury, and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) that can damage human health and the environment.

#### a) Observations

E-waste generated in the campus is very less in quantity. The cartridges of laser printers are refilled outside the college campus. Administration conducts the awareness programmes regarding E-waste Management with the help of various departments. The E- waste and defective item from computer laboratory is being stored properly. The institution has decided to contact approved E-waste management and disposal facility in order to dispose E-waste in scientific manner.

#### **b)** Recommendations

- Recycle or safely dispose of white goods, computers and electrical appliances.
- Use reusable resources and containers and avoid unnecessary packaging where possible.
- Always purchase recycled resources where these are both suitable and available.

## 4.5. Green Area

This includes the plants, greenery and sustainability of the campus to ensure that the buildings conform to green standards This also helps in ensuring that

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the Environmental Policy is enacted, enforced and reviewed using various environmental awareness programmes.

#### a) Observations

Campus is located in the vicinity of approximately 80 types (species) trees. Various tree plantation programs are being organized during the month of July and August at college campus and surrounding villages through NSS unit and Haritha Haram by state govt, regularly. This program helps in encouraging eco-friendly environment which provides pure oxygen within the institute and awareness among villagers. The plantation program includes various type of indigenous species of ornamental and medicinal wild plant species.





Green Area of the College

### b) Recommendations

- Reviews periodically the list of trees planted in the garden, allot numbers to the trees and keep records. Give scientific names to the trees.
- Promote environmental awareness as a part of course work in various curricular areas, independent research projects, and community service.
- Create awareness of environmental sustainability and takes actions to ensure environmental sustainability.
- Establish a College Environmental Committee that will hold responsibility for the enactment,

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enforcement and review of the Environmental Policy. The Environmental Committee shall be the source of advice and guidance to staff and students on how to implement this Policy.

- Ensure that an audit is conducted annually and action is taken on the basis of audit report, recommendation and findings.
- Celebrate every year 5<sup>th</sup> June as 'Environment Day' and plant trees on this day to make the campus more Green.

## **5.** Conclusions

Considering the fact that the institution is predominantly an UG, PG and Diploma college, there is significant environmental research both by faculty and students. The environmental awareness initiatives are substantial. The installation of solar panels, paperless work system, waste management and vermicomposting practices are noteworthy. Besides, environmental awareness programmes initiated by the administration shows how the campus is going green. Few recommendations are added to curb the menace of waste management using Eco-friendly and scientific techniques. This may lead to the prosperous future in context of Green Campus & thus sustainable environment and community development.

As part of green audit of campus, we carried out the environmental monitoring of campus includes Illumination, Noise level, Ventilation and Indoor Air quality of the class room. It was observed that Illumination and Ventilation is adequate considering natural light and air velocity present. Noise level in the campus well within the limit i.e. below 50 dB at day time.

## 6. Acknowledgement

We are grateful to the committee members of SDES to award this prestigious project and allowed us to enter the new era of Green Audit Green audit in the College Campus.

Further we sincerely thank the college staff for providing us necessary facilities and co-operation during the audit. This helped us in making the audit, a success.

Further we hope, this will boost the new generation to take care of Environment and propagate these views for many generations to come.

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